### Designing.

Simon Wilson Interaction designer, DWP Digital



### What is design?

"Design is how it looks."



"<del>Design is how it looks</del>."



### Design is how something will work / should work.

### **Designing** is working out how something will work / should work.

Good design is usefulness.

#### Intention

#### Accidental



#### **Chance of success**





### Design is mindful.

User centred design.



### User centred people.

### User centred teams.

### User centred organisation.







### Adesigner

## The rest of the team



### The design team

## The delivery team



# 

### A team of user centred people

Sharing Cooperation Collaboration Collectivism



#### Design



#### The black box of dev

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#### Live

"They slow us down to speed us up. By taking the time to discover, to understand, we avoid costly mistakes such as becoming too complex too early and sticking with a weak idea for too long." –Tim Brown, IDEO

Ego-less design.

#### Discovery

Alpha

#### Beta

Live

### We are always discovering.



### Understand the problem space.

#### Stakeholders



#### Delivery

#### **Product owner**

- Subject matter expert (SME)
  - **User researcher**
  - **Content designer**
  - Interaction designer
    - Service designer
    - **Business analyst**

#### **Delivery manager**

#### **Developers / engineers**

#### Testers

#### **Technical architects**



#### Understanding

and feel.

Define

•••

Do research to discover who users are what they do, say, think

**Combine research** and analyse to understand users and their needs.

**Focused on the** needs, as a team explore possible ideas. Quantity

over quality.



**Build tactile** representations of your ideas. **Consider impact** versus feasibility.

Put the work in front of users. Find what works and doesn't work.





### Designing

### Developing

### **Continual gradual improvement**

### What's the worst that could happen?

### Find what works and what doesn't work.

### Finding what works needs understanding.



### Frameworks.

## 

## enough.

## process.

# Context.

## 

## Context.



The goal Services and products that are designed using knowledge over assumptions.

"A prototype is an early sample, model, or release of a product built to test a concept or process or to act as a thing to be replicated or learned from."

"A prototype is an early sample, model, or release of a product built to test a concept or process or to act as a thing to be replicated or learned from."
"A prototype is a model to test a learned from."

# concept or process as a thing to be



A prototype allows you to anapproach

# explore an idea, a thought, a theory,

Prototypes are cheap, quick.



Prototypes are disposable.



There is no one way to create a prototype.



# 43 types of prototype



Screen destans Posses Roly 10 Pare - 4



IA work: Card sorting (physical or digital) User journeys (2) Service maps (2) **Role playing** Service prototyping and pop-ups Wizard of Oz Whiteboarding Card and Post It service mock-up Post Its for content architecture Paper and Post Its for content design Post Its (2) Sketches (4) (including "pen and paper") Paper sketching Paper UI sketch flow **Google Draw document** Wireframes Wireframe user journey Interactive wireframe (Balsamiq etc) Axure(2) Spreadsheets (2) Do content in Google Docs or Word Do "screens/pages" in Google Docs and click through Clickable prototype using sketches/screen grabs in Marvel app **In-Vision** 

Screen designs in Powerpoint (2) Presentations in Powerpoint (3) Show page flow in Powerpoint **Design in Keynote (1) Presentations in Keynote (2)** Sketch (app) (4) Screenshots showing sequence, user flow, changed copy, overload text, etc / printed stages in a flow stuck on a table **Letters Posters Call scripts** Storyboards Videos Chatbot In-browser editing page's code and screen grabbing (5) **Other HTML mock-ups** <u>gov.uk</u> prototype kit (10) • static • "almost like the real thing" Verify prototype kit **B**variants **AB testing** Doing changes to/off a "built service" (2)

Askyourselfeverytime you need?

# What is the purpose of the prototype



#### **Product Development Wheel** @gavinelliott

http://www.gavinelliott.co.uk/2017/11/good-product-development-process/



- backlog planning (and scoring if its development work)
- design

Friday

Monday

- creating a prototype
- organising user research
- research days
- analysis
- playback
- iterating
- development

#### Time

#### Little



Low fidelity
Rough
Quick
Low cost

High fidelity
Detail
Need time
Higher cost

# Fidelity is as much about your thinking as it about what something looks like.











#### Time

#### Little



Learning by doing! (Not just talking.)

# "Design is the method of putting form and content together." –Paul Rand

# Learn by doing analysis!

# Designing is a process.



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•••

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**Build tactile** representations of your ideas. **Consider impact** versus feasibility.

Put the work in front of users. Find what works and doesn't work.

No more black boxes!



## Work together! Work as one!

## Continual gradual improvement.

### Start with the needs\*.



### Thankyou.

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